



All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation

Test report: 18-20

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Performance tests on Alfrex solid aluminium panel cassette cladding system, in accordance with AS/NZS 4284:2008 testing of Building Facades to some parameters from draft EM7

Project:	Alfrex cassette panel system
Client:	Alfrex - Unience USA Inc
Specifier:	Alfrex - Unience USA Inc
Sample designer:	Cladding Systems NZ Ltd, (CSNZL)
Manufacturer	Alfrex - Unience USA Inc
Installer:	CSNZL
Test dates:	6 – 8 November 2018

Test Schedule The test order specified in AS/NZS 4284:2008 was followed, including clauses a), b), c), d), e), g), and h). Preliminary testing was undertaken on 6 November 2018 and the balance of AS/NZS 4284:2008 testing performed on 7 and 8 November 2018. This included SLS testing of spandrel panels.

Persons present:

The following persons were present for some of the testing: Mark Judson (CSNZL), Richard Gibbs (facadelab GM), John Lukaszewicz, Phillipe Osorio, & Henry Lukaszewicz, Dmitri and Eric, Pat and Tony (CSNZL), Brian Aitken (Architect), Charles Costello (Alfrex)

Test facility:	FacadeLab Limited 320 Rosedale Rd	
	Albany Auckland	

IANZ accredited testing officer: John Burgess

IANZ accreditation number for testing 1091, including AS/NZS 4284.

Tested by: John Burgess, IANZ Signatory.

Checked by: Richard Gibbs



Figure 1: Alfrex cassette panel system under test

Checked by: Richard Gibbs

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Summary

The Alfrex cladding system was subjected to tests from the AS/NZS 4284:2008 testing suite with the following results.

Preliminary Tests

Pass - air pressure loading to \pm 2.25 kPa Water to 675 static, and 675 – 1350 cyclic test pressure

Serviceability Deflection Test

Studs (± 2.25 kPa) met the deflection limit Panels (± 2.25 kPa) showed deflections of up to 7.5 mm on the stiffener, and 11.4 mm off the stiffener

Air Infiltration

The air infiltration of the booth plus the sample met the requirement of <1.6 l/s.m² (Gross leakage 20 l/s) at 150 Pa

Water penetration tests

Static Water Penetration Test Pass – at 675 Pa

Cyclic Water Penetration Test

Pass – at cyclic pressures up to 675 – 1350 Pa

Seismic SLS test

Pass – at displacements of ± 15 mm, including cyclic water testing at pressures up to 675 - 1350 Pa

Seismic ULS test

Pass – at displacements of up to ±60 mm.

Ultimate Limit State Pressure Test

Pass – at ±3.2 kPa

Water was visible on the back of the wetwall, and on the cavity face of the rigid air barrier on occasion. Some of this was from rivet holes, This did not constitute a fail of the test, but may be of interest to the designer.

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Notation

The reference numbers from the AS/NZS 4284:2008 'Testing of building facades' document are used in the following, for ease of reference.

Principle

A sample of a building façade forms one face of an eternally mounted pressure chamber and is sealed at its perimeter and then successively subjected to tests.

Apparatus

The Alfrex cassette aluminium panel system was tested using the FacadeLab test facility located at 320 Rosedale Rd, Albany, Auckland.

Sample

7.1 Test sample

7.1.1 Orientation

The orientation of all elements is recorded in this report as viewed from the outside of the test booth (dry side), being the interior of the façade when constructed. The inside of the test booth has the exterior (wet side) of the façade.

7.2 Sample Description

The system was installed into a 3.72 m wide, by 3.36 m high timber-framed opening of the test booth by CSNZL. See Figure 1.

The test arrangement consisted of a test sample comprising Alfrex cassette aluminium panel system, set out in a similar manner as required for the E2/VM1 Class 2 testing.

The Alfrex cassette aluminium panel system was tested as open-jointed aluminium panels over a acrylic rigid air barrier, with no interior lining. The Alfrex cassette aluminium panel system includes 3 mm solid aluminium sheets, and other components to create a drained and ventilated cladding system. This was supported on a timber stud wall with a commercial window. All of the rigid air barrier was transparent, allowing un-obstructed viewing of the back of the Al panels and structure. Structural support was provided by 140 x 45 mm studs at 600 centres, with nogs at 600 centres.

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The details in the system included:

- Top booth liner section detail
- Bottom booth liner section detail
- Horizontal joint section detail
- Soffit corner section detail
- Soffit/wall junction section detail
- Interstorey junction section detail
 06
- Window head section detail
- Window sill section detail
- Window jamb plan detail
- Left jamb booth liner plan detail
- Penetration plan detail
- Internal corner plan detail
- External corner plan detail
- Vertical junction plan detail
- 3D aluminium stiffener fixing 16

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Checked by: Richard Gibbs



Figure 2: Top booth liner section detail photo, Bottom booth liner section detail, and Horizontal joint section detail



Figure 3: Soffit corner section detail



Figure 4: Soffit/wall junction section detail



Figure 5: Interstorey junction section detail



Figure 6: Window head section detail



Figure 7: Window sill section detail



Figure 8: Window jamb plan detail

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Figure 9: Left jamb booth liner plan detail



Figure 10: Penetration plan detail



Figure 11: Internal corner plan detail



Figure 12: External corner plan detail



Figure 13: Vertical junction plan detail

7.2.1 Drawings

The system is shown in drawings provided by CSNZL in 9.11 The components are listed below:

7.2.1.1 The Alfrex system aluminium components

12g timber tek screw 75 mm class 5 finish with neo washer 18 mm plywood booth liner 140 x 34 mm framing 90 x 45 framing Aluminium shim packers up to 10 mm 6 mm acrytlic as RAB Xx flashing tape Al rainshield angle at head 1 x 18 mm UHB tape CSACM-02 aluminium structural rail 3 mm pre-coated solid aluminium prefabricated panel with rivet-fixed edges CSACM-01 aluminium structural rail CSACM-04 aluminium rail Aluminium flashing (extruded) 1.4 mm at panel foot MS seal on bond-breaker Proprietary two-part flashing at horizontal panel joint Aluminium window joinery Folded metal flashing at head of window RKFL-19S-Sill flashing profile Aluminium panel fixing angle – EA 25 x 25 x 3.0 mm Single-sided Inseal 40 x 2 mm tape "Approved sealant" on backing rod Rainshield angle UA 50 x 50 x 1.2 mm Vanluk escutcheon plate 3 mm stainless steel for pipe penetration MG100-18 bondbreaker Vanluk MG100-18 proprietary cavity flashing Aluminium stiffeners and fixings

7.3 Modifications to the Sample

7.3.1 Panel deflection testing

In order to test the deflection of the aluminium panels, holes were made in the air barrier. The open joints at the foot of the panels (for ventilation and drainage) were also sealed with tape.

7.3.2 Modifications for seismic deflection tests

The infill panels on either side of the sample panel were removed for the Seismic SLS test, then re-instated for the water test, then removed again to allow free horizontal movement during the seismic ULS testing.

Procedure

Note the same clause numbers have been used as in AS/NZS 4284 for ease of reference in the below.

8.1 Test Sequence

The tests were performed using the testing procedures of AS/NZS 4284:2008 in the cladding test facilities of FaçadeLab, 320 Rosedale Rd, Albany, Auckland.

Due to the need to modify the sample to measure the cladding panel deflections, SLS panel deflection measurements were undertaken after the completion of other testing. The order of testing therefore was:

- Preliminary air
- Preliminary water tests
- Structural deflection of timber stud only
- Air infiltration test
- Water test (Static and cyclic)

Holes were then formed in the air barrier, and the venting of the cladding closed off to allow the air pressure to be held across the cladding panels

Structural deflection of cladding panels

These holes were then closed off to undertake the ULS test

• Strength at ULS

The blanking panels on either side of the sample were removed, to allow un-restricted movement of the sample under seismic movement

• Seismic SLS followed by cyclic water test (after reinstatement of the blanking panels on either side of the sample

The blanking panels on either side of the sample were removed (again), to allow unrestricted movement of the sample under seismic movement

Seismic ULS test

8.2 Preliminary Tests

8.2.1 General

Preliminary testing at 8.2.2 was conducted.

8.2.2 Preliminary Static Pressure

The test sample was subjected to the positive and negative SLS design wind pressures for 10 seconds. Air pressures of ± 2.25 kPa were applied to the test sample.

8.2.3 Preliminary static water test

Water was applied for a five minute pre-wet with no applied pressure, then with a 675 Pa static pressure, then in three stages of cyclic pressure from 338 - 675, 450 - 900, and 675 - 1350 Pa.

8.3 Structural Test at Serviceability Limit State (SLS)

8.3.1 Structural Test Pressures

The SLS test pressures used were chosen by the client as ±2250 Pa to match the draft EM7 document under preparation by BRANZ Ltd.

8.3.2 Location of the Displacement Transducers

In accordance with the test procedure specified, a set of displacement transducers was positioned to record localised displacement and net deflection at the outer limits, and at mid-span of the nominated timber stud. The stud nominated is shown in Figure 14, chosen as the only full-height single stud, assumed to show the greatest deflection.



Figure 14: Photo showing location where displacement transducers were placed on full-height timber stud

8.3.3 Pressure Loading Sequence

The pressure loading sequence requested by the specifier was as per AS/NZS 4284 and required ramping up under positive pressure in five steps, being 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% and 100%, before continuing with the ramp down, and negative pressures, as in Fig 1 of AS/NZS 4284: 2008, with an SLS of ± 2.25 kPa.

8.3.4 Displacement Measurement of Cladding Panels

(As noted above, this testing was performed after the water tests, since it required forming holes in the air barrier). Locations for the measurement of the cladding panel movement were nominated. This involved a horizontal line of transducers on the stiffener, and also across the middle of an un-stiffened panel. The effect of the acrylic air barrier was removed, by forming large holes in it, to allow a pressure to be developed across the cladding as can be seen in Figure 15.



Figure 15: Set of three horizontal transducers setup at the vertical mid-point between stiffeners on a cladding panel.

A rigid structure was erected inside the booth to enable measurements of displacement of the cladding to be made, while isolating the transducers from movement in the booth walls.

8.3.5 Calculation of deflection/span ratio

The deflection/span ration of the stud and the largest single panel are calculated in section 9.2.

8.3.6 Calculation of successive member displacement

The calculation of successive member displacement is shown in Table 2.

8.4 Air Infiltration

The Air Infiltration test was requested as part of the AS/NZS 4284:2008 test procedure at a pressure difference of 150 Pa.

8.5 Water Penetration by Static pressure

The static water penetration test pressure of 675 Pa was chosen by the specifier to match the values in EM7.

8.6 Water penetration test by cyclic pressure

The three stages of cyclic water penetration were nominated as follows, to match the values in EM7: Stage 1: 338 – 675 Pa

Stage 1: 338 – 675 Pa Stage 2: 450 – 900 Pa Stage 3: 675 – 1300 Pa

8.7 BMU restraint test

A BMU restraint test was not requested.

8.8 Structural Test at Ultimate Limit State (ULS)

The test pressures of ± 3.20 kPa were nominated by the specifier to match the ULS of the EM7 process.

8.9 Seismic Test

The test parameters of EM7 were used.

8.9.1 Seismic test at Serviceability Limit State (SLS)

The test parameters of EM7 were used, being ± 15 mm movement of the ram, with 15 cycles.

8.9.2 Seismic test at Ultimate Limit State (ULS)

The test parameters were chosen with cycles starting at ± 20 mm, and rising in approximately 5 mm increments to ± 50 mm in 10 cycles.

9 Results

9.1 Preliminary Static Pressure

The test sample was subjected to the positive and negative SLS design wind pressures for at least 10 seconds. Air pressures of ± 2.25 kPa were applied to the test sample. There was no visible dislodgement of framing or cladding materials, failure of fixings, breakage of cladding or permanent distortion of cladding.

9.1.1 Preliminary water tests

9.1.1.1 Static water Pressure

Water was applied for a five minute pre-wet with no applied pressure, then with a 675 Pa static pressure, with water was found at a few places on the back of the wetwall. Several rivet holes (without rivets) were found to be allowing water to drip in the cavity, and spatter onto the cavity-side of the acrylic air barrier. These were found and sealed.

9.1.1.2 Cyclic water Pressure

Air pressure was then applied in three stages of cyclic pressure from 338 - 675, 450 - 900, and 675 - 1350 Pa. During the cyclic water testing, further un-filled rivet holes were found and sealed, and water continued to track down the back of the wetwall to drainage at the foot of panels.

9.2 Structural test at serviceability limit state (SLS)

SLS deflection measurements were made as shown in the tables below.

Timb	er stud	
deflections		
Span 3412 mm		
Adjusted net Pressure deflection		
(Pa)	(mm)	
0	0	
2250	5.95	
0	0.365	
450	1.14	
900	2.315	
1350	3.525	
1800	4.765	
2250	5.99	
0	0.345	
0	0	
2250	5.61	
1800	4.74	
1350	3.765	
900	2.645	
450	1.345	
0	0.015	
0	0	
-2250	-6.46	
0	-1.485	
-450	-2.335	
-900	-3.4	
-1350	-4.54	
-1800	-5.615	
-2250	-6.585	
0	-1.655	
0	0	
-2250	-4.945	
-1800	-4.41	
-1350	-3.705	
-900	-2.78	
-450	-1.525	
0 -0.12		
Table 1: Net deflections		

On stiffener		
Span	1120	
	Adjusted net	
Pressure	-	
(Pa)	(mm)	
0	0	
2250	8.09	
0	0.77	
0	0	
450	1.53	
900	3.05	
1350	4.565	
1800	5.985	
2250	7.33	
0	0.015	
0	0	
2250	7.33	
1800	6.025	
1350	4.7	
900	3.205	
450	1.685	
0	0.03	
0	0	
-2250	8.065	
0	0.645	
0	0	
-450	1.79	
-900	3.35	
-1350	4.855	
-1800	6.15	
-2250	7.425	
0	0.07	
0	0	
-2250	7.4	
-1800	6.17	
-1350	4.875	
-900	3.435	
-450	1.82	
0	0.025	
0	0	
2250	-8.035	
0	-0.535	
0	0	

Off stiffener		
Span 1122		
	Adjusted net	
Pressure	deflection	
(Pa)	(mm)	
0	0	
0	0	
-2250	4.59	
0	0	
-450	2.92	
-900	4.96	
0	0.72	
0	0 4.24	
-900 -1350	6.02	
-1330	7.585	
-2250	9.075	
0	0.045	
-2250	9.075	
-1800	7.7	
-1350	6.17	
-900	4.405	
0	0.05	
0	0	
2250	-11.475	
0	-1.42	
0	0	
450	-1.595	
900	-3.845	
1350	-5.945	
1800	-7.76	
2250	-9.375	
0	-0.795	
0	0	
2250	-10.055	
1800	-8.45	
1350	-6.795	
900	-4.8	
450	-2.465	
0	-0.015	
0	0.075	





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9.2.1 Deflection/span ratios

These are shown in Table 3.

The maximum net deflection in both directions for the timber stud (5.99 and -6.46 mm) was less than the allowed maximum deflection of span/250 (12.3 mm).

The maximum net deflection for the panel on the stiffener was 7.33 mm in the positive direction and -7.47 mm in the negative direction, being about span/150.

The maximum net deflection for the panel off the stiffener was 11.43 mm in the positive direction (span/98) and -9.08 mm (span/124) in the negative direction.

9.2.2 Successive member displacement

These are shown as the 'Zero table' in Table 2.

The dashes indicate that not all data was available. The displacement does not exceed 3.0 mm, as required in the standard.

Zero table				
Z's	Stud	On stiffener	Off stiffener	
Z1	0.37	0.77	0.00	
Z2	0.35	0.02	0.58	
Z3	-0.01	-0.73	0.04	
Z4	-1.13	-0.08	0.00	
Z5	-0.17	0.07	0.04	
Z6	-0.29	0.10	0.05	
Z7	-	-0.44	-1.37	

Table 2: Successive member displacements. All measurements in mm.

9.2.3 Maximum displacement

The stud where deflection measurements were made is shown in the photo at Figure 14.

The deflections for the timber stud at positive and negative test pressures, together with the spandrel panel deflections on the stiffener, and between stiffeners are recorded in Table 1. Maximum net deflections are shown in Table 3, with the full set of results shown in the appendices.

Maximum net deflections				
Stud/Panel Reference	Span (mm)	Pressure (Pa)	Max Net Deflection (mm)	Span/ deflection
Timber stud	3080	±2250	-6.46	-477
Deflections on stiffener	1120	±2250	-7.47	-150
Deflections off stiffener	1122	±2250	-11.43	-98

Table 3: Summary of maximum net deflections of stud and panels in serviceability limit state testing

9.3 Air Infiltration

The air infiltration through the sample, including the aluminium panel and the rigid acrylic air barrier was measured at both 75 Pa and 150 Pa.

This test was undertaken to evaluate the air leakage of the system under the requirements of AS/NZS 4284:2008.

Allowable leakage:	1.6 l/s.m²
Total Area:	12.5 m²
Sample allowable leakage:	20.0 l/s

Airtig	htness measurements @) 150 Pa
	Positive pressure (infiltration) l/s	Negative pressure (exfiltration) l/s
Measured (booth + sample)	11.1 ± 0.2	11.8 ± 0.1
Measured (booth)	Not measured	Not measured
Calculated sample leakage	<11.1	<11.8

Table 4: Air leakage data

Note: As allowed in Appendix D of AS/NZS 4284, since the total air leakage of the sample and the booth was less than the allowable leakage, no further testing was undertaken as the system passed the requirement.

Airtig	ghtness measurements (@ 75 Pa
	Positive pressure (infiltration) l/s	Negative pressure (exfiltration) l/s
Measured (booth + sample)	7.0 ± 0.1	7.4 ± 0.1
Measured (booth)	Not measured	Not measured
Calculated sample leakage	<7.0	<7.4

Table 5: Air leakage data

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Checked by: Richard Gibbs

9.4 Water Penetration

The results of the static and cyclic water tests, as per clause 8.5 are shown below.

		Static v	vater test
Stage	Air pressure (Pa)	Duration	Result
0	0	5 minutes	No water leaks – water on back of cladding only
1	675	15 minutes	No water leaks – minor spatters at several locations on cavity side of acrylic only
2	0	5 minutes	No water leaks

9.4.1 Static Pressure Water Penetration

Table 6: Static water leakage results

There were no water leaks, meeting the requirement of the standard.

Water on the back of the cladding and on the cavity side of the acrylic air barrier provided information to the specifier.

9.4.2 Cyclic Pressure Water Penetration

	Cyclic	water test	
Phase	Air pressure (Pa)	Duration	Result
	0	5 minutes	No water leaks
1	338-675	5 minutes	No water leaks
2	450 - 900	5 minutes	No water leaks
3	675- 1350	5 minutes	No water leaks
	0	5 minutes	No water leaks

Table 7: Cyclic water test results

There were no water leaks, meeting the requirement of the standard.

9.5 Seismic Testing at Serviceability Limit State

	Di	splac	emer	nts in s	truct	ure fr	om rar	n durin	ig SLS s	eismic	tests -	15 cycl	es with	n ± 15	5 mm.	
Divit	Cycle #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Displ (mm)	Pos	16	15	15	15	15	15.3	16.5	15.1	15.2	15.3	15.5	15.1	15	15.5	15.2
(mm)	Neg	17	15	15.6	17	19	15.4	18.5	16.5	18	17.3	16.7	17	16	15.5	16.4

There was no evidence of panel dislodgement or permanent displacement.

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Checked by: Richard Gibbs

9.5.1 Water Penetration

The results of the static water tests following the seismic test, as per clause 8.5 are shown below.

9.5.2 Cyclic Pressure Water Penetration

	Cyclic	water test	
Phase	Air pressure (Pa)	Duration	Result
	0	5 minutes	No water leaks
1	338-675	5 minutes	No water leaks
2	450 - 900	5 minutes	No water leaks
3	675- 1350	5 minutes	No water leaks
	0	5 minutes	No water leaks

Table 8: Cyclic water test results

There were no water leaks, meeting the requirement of the standard.

9.6 BMU Restraint Test

Not requested.

9.7 Structural Test at Ultimate Limit State Air Pressure

	nit State (ULS) ssure test
Air pressure (kPa)	Result
+3.2	ОК
-3.2	OK

Table 9: Ultimate limit state air pressure results

On inspection, there was no visible dislodgement of framing or cladding materials, failure of fixings, breakage of cladding or permanent distortion of cladding following ULS pressure testing.

9.8 Seismic test at ultimate limit state displacement

	Displa	ceme	nts d	uring	ULS s	eism	ic test	ts - 10) cycle	es.	
Divit	Cycle #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Displ (mm)	Pos	20	25	30	38	40	45	52	58	58	58
(mm)	Neg	20	25	30	36	40	45	55	62	65	65

There was no collapse or permanent damage to any seals, members or panels evident during or after the cessation of the ULS seismic testing.

Prepared By:

John Burgess (IANZ-accredited test engineer) March 2019 Verified By:

Richard Gibbs manager) March 2019

(facadelab

Appendices

9.9 Serviceability Deflections

9.9.1 Timber stud

								Adjusted net
				Timber	stud		Pressure	deflection
	Pressure	Up	Mid	Low	Net	Calculated	(Pa)	(mm)
	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
	2250	5.27	10.63	4.09	5.98	5.95	2250	5.95
Z1	0	0.84	1.12	0.67	0.37	0.37	0	0.37
	450	2.28	2.83	1.1	1.14	1.14	450	1.14
	900	2.94	4.63	1.69	2.28	2.32	900	2.32
	1350	3.73	6.6	2.42	3.52	3.53	1350	3.53
	1800	4.53	8.66	3.26	4.77	4.77	1800	4.77
	2250	5.32	10.75	4.2	5.98	5.99	2250	5.99
Z2	0	0.91	1.2	0.8	0.35	0.35	0	0.35
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00
	2250	5.32	10.77	4.31	5.96	5.96	2250	5.59
	1800	4.81	9.42	3.86	5.09	5.09	1800	4.72
	1350	4.22	7.86	3.28	4.11	4.11	1350	3.75
	900	3.54	6.08	2.64	2.98	2.99	900	2.63
	450	2.79	4.01	1.85	1.69	1.69	450	1.33
Z3	0	1.03	1.35	0.95	0.36	0.36	0	-0.01
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00
	-2250	-6.65	-13.65	-8.45	-6.1	-6.10	-2250	-6.46
Z4	0	-3.24	-5.36	-5.23	-1.13	-1.13	0	-1.13
	-450	-4.41	-7.04	-5.72	-1.98	-1.98	-450	-0.85
	-900	-4.94	-8.68	-6.34	-3.04	-3.04	-900	-1.92
	-1350	-5.5	-10.45	-7.04	-4.18	-4.18	-1350	-3.06
	-1800	-6.1	-12.21	-7.81	-5.25	-5.26	-1800	-4.13
	-2250	-6.76	-13.95	-8.69	-6.23	-6.23	-2250	-5.10
Z5	0	-3.51	-5.82	-5.54	-1.29	-1.30	0	-0.17
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	1.13
	-2250	-6.88	-14.16	-8.96	6.28	-6.24	-2250	-5.12
	-1800	-6.49	-13.26	-8.62	-5.71	-5.71	-1800	-4.58
	-1350	-6.1	-12.11	-8.12	-5	-5.00	-1350	-3.88
	-900	-5.6	-10.64	-7.53	-4.07	-4.08	-900	-2.95
	-450	-4.95	-8.69	-6.79	-2.82	-2.82	-450	-1.70
Z6	0	-3.61	-6.14	-5.84	-1.42	-1.42	0	-0.29
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00

9.9.2 On Stiffener

			(On Stiff	ener		
	Pressure	Up	Mid	Low	Net	Calculated	Ref to 0
	2250	12.11	18.31	8.33	8.1	8.09	8.09
Z1	0	3.03	2.97	1.37	0.77	0.77	0.77
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	450	1.11	2.82	1.47	1.53	1.53	1.53
	900	2.86	5.85	2.74	3.05	3.05	3.05
	1350	4.8	9.07	4.21	4.57	4.57	4.57
	1800	6.92	12.25	5.61	5.99	5.99	5.99
	2250	9.21	15.47	7.07	7.32	7.33	7.33
Z2	0	0.63	0.43	0.2	0.02	0.02	0.02
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	2250	9.35	15.56	7.08	7.34	7.35	6.58
	1800	8.84	13.6	6.28	6.04	6.04	5.27
	1350	7.59	11.17	5.32	4.71	4.72	3.95
	900	5.96	8.28	4.16	3.22	3.22	2.45
	450	3.91	4.93	2.55	1.7	1.70	0.93
Z3	0	0.95	0.71	0.38	0.04	0.04	-0.73
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	-2250	20.09	23.91	11.51	8.11	8.11	7.34
Z4	0	10.96	8.25	4.16	0.68	0.69	-0.08
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	-450	12.12	11.31	5.54	2.47	2.48	1.79
	-900	13.93	14.53	7.05	4.04	4.04	3.35
	-1350	15.95	17.83	8.62	5.54	5.55	4.86
	-1800	18.08	20.97	10.18	6.85	6.84	6.15
	-2250	20.19	24.07	11.72	8.12	8.12	7.43
Z5	0	11.61	8.79	4.45	0.76	0.76	0.07
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	-0.69
	-2250	19.74	23.9	11.74	8.16	8.16	7.47
	-1800	18.92	21.78	10.78	6.94	6.93	6.24
	-1350	18.76	19.87	9.71	5.64	5.64	4.95
	-900	17.1	16.94	8.39	4.19	4.20	3.51
	-450	14.95	13.41	6.71	2.58	2.58	1.89
Z6	0	12.26	9.26	4.69	0.79	0.79	0.10
	0					0.00	-0.69
	2250	-8.9	-15.2	-7	-7.25	-7.25	-7.94
Z7	0	-2.14	-0.79	0.06	-0.26	0.25	-0.44
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00

	9.9.3 3L3			iffener			
	Pressure	Up	Mid	Low	Net	Calculated	Ref to 0
	0	0	0	0	0		
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	-2250	17.59	23.26	19.75	4.59	4.59	4.59
	0	14.9	17.38	18.46	0.7	0.70	0.00
	-450	16.13	20.73	19.49	2.92	2.92	2.92
	-900	17.59	24.05	20.59	4.96	4.96	4.96
Z4	0	14.92	17.42	18.48	0.71	0.72	0.72
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	-900	17.54	24.02	20.58		4.96	4.24
	-1350	19.2	27.28	21.88	6.74	6.74	6.02
	-1800	21.09	30.49	23.28	8.3	8.31	7.59
	-2250	23.19	33.74	24.7	9.8	9.80	9.08
Z5	0	15.45	17.87	18.76	0.76	0.77	0.04
	-2250	23.29	33.79	24.7	9.79	9.80	9.08
	-1800	22.45	31.66	24.03	8.42	8.42	7.70
	-1350	21.33	29.1	23.09	6.89	6.89	6.17
	-900	19.81	25.97	21.88	5.13	5.13	4.41
Z6	0	15.78	18.11	18.9	0.78	0.77	0.05
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	2250	-17.92	-24.46	-9.59	-10.71	-10.71	-11.43
Z7/Z1	0	-10.4	-7.84	-3.98	-0.65	-0.65	-1.37
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	450	-1.32	-3.44	-1.07	-2.25	-2.25	-1.60
	900	-2.7	-6.91	-2.13	-4.49	-4.50	-3.85
	1350	-4.24	-10.38	-3.33	-6.59	-6.60	-5.95
	1800	-6.01	-13.69	-4.55	-8.41	-8.41	-7.76
	2250	-7.79	-16.8	-5.76	-10.03	-10.03	-9.38
Z2	0	-0.37	-0.39	-0.26	-0.08	-0.08	0.58
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.65
	2250	-7.91	-17.01	-5.85	-10.13	-10.13	-9.48
	1800	-7.09	-14.66	-5.18	-8.53	-8.53	-7.88
	1350	-6.01	-12.07	-4.39	-6.87	-6.87	-6.22
	900	-4.68	-8.9	-3.37	-4.88	-4.88	-4.23
	450	-3.05	-5.12	-2.11	-2.54	-2.54	-1.89
Z3	0	-0.59	-0.57	-0.37	-0.1	-0.09	0.56
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.08

9.9.3 SLS deflections off stiffener

9.10 Test Request

As above

				170
		IFIC TEST R	EQUIREMEN	
Section	Test Name	Clause	1	Required parameters
<u>a</u>	Preliminary test	8.2.1		
	SLS pressure	8.2.2/8.3	SLS(+) = 2	
			SLS(-) = 2	
	Water static	8.2.3/8.5		er test pressure = 675 Pa
	Water-Cyclic	8.2.3/8.6		pressure Stage 1 = 675 Pa
		8.2.3/8.6	Cyclic test	pressure Stage 2 = 900 Pa
		8.2.3/8.6		pressure Stage 3 = 1350 Pa
b	Structural test at SLS	8.3.2	Location o drawings?	f transducers noted on Y/N
		8.3.3	Pressure s	
		8	internet and sound to be address to be a first the sound	acement? = 12.3 mm (sp
Members	s or panels	Deflection/s	span limit ratio	
ar at the carding wall in the second				
C)	Air infiltration test	Test	(+) = 150	
		pressure	(-)= 150	O Pa
	1	And the second	1. 1	
	J	And the second	$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{2}$	
ð	Water test (static and cyclic)	And the second	1. 1	
đ		Air infiltratio	Duration	S/161/m2s) 20 K wax
a	cyclic)	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675	Duration	Duration and spray intensity
a	cyclic) Static	Air infiltratio Pressure (Pa)	Duration	5/H6/m²s) 20 k wax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s
ð	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 900	Duration	S/H6/m²s) 20 k wax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s
	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 675 700	Duration	S H6I/m²s) 20 k wax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s
	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 675 700	Duration (mins)	S H6I/m²s) 20 k wax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s
Additiona	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 675 700 1350 iirements?	(Water tes	S / H6//m²s) 20 / Lucax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s
Additiona	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ Seismic at SLS	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 67S 67S 67S 67S 750 1350 airements? ent allowed =	(Water tes	S / H6//m²s) 20 / Lucax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s
Additiona	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ Seismic at SLS Support beam movement	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 750 1350 nirements? ent allowed =	(Water tes	S / H6//m²s) 20 / Lucax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s
Additiona	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ Seismic at SLS Support beam movement Number of cycles = \{(Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 750 1350 nirements? ent allowed =	(Water tes	S / H6//m²s) 20 / Lucax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m² s
Additiona	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ Seismic at SLS Support beam movemed Number of cycles = \{(Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 750 1350 nirements? ent allowed =	(Water tes	S H6Um ² s) 20 k wax Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 Um ² s
Additiona	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ Seismic at SLS Support beam movemed Number of cycles = \{(Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 750 1350 nirements? ent allowed =	(Water tes I Summ Test load a Test load a (+) = 320	S $H_{6}Um^2s$) 20 k max Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s t repeated after) across face of sample = kN perpendicular to sample = kN
Additiona e	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requined Seismic at SLS Support beam movement Number of cycles = \{ Frequency of movements BMU restraint	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 67S 67S 67S 67S 900 1350 nirements? ent allowed = 5 nt =	(Water tes ISum Test load a Test load a	S $H_{6}Um^2s$) 20 k max Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s t repeated after) across face of sample = kN perpendicular to sample = kN
Additiona a	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requined Seismic at SLS Support beam movement Number of cycles = \{ Frequency of movements BMU restraint	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 67S 67S 67S 750 1350 nirements? ent allowed = 500 1500 Test	(Water tes I Summ Test load a Test load a (+) = 320	S $H_{6}Um^2s$) 20 k max Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s t repeated after) across face of sample = kN perpendicular to sample = kN
Additiona e	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ Seismic at SLS Support beam moveme Number of cycles = \{ Frequency of moveme BMU restraint Strength at ULS	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 900 1350 irrements? ent allowed = 5 nt = Test pressure	Imit = 12 Duration (mins) (Water test) ISuum Test load at Test load at (+) = 320 (-) = \$20	S $H_{6}Um^2s$) 20 k max Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s 5 min, 0.05 L/m ² s t repeated after) across face of sample = kN perpendicular to sample = kN
Additiona a	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration required Seismic at SLS Support beam movement Number of cycles = 10 Frequency of movement BMU restraint Strength at ULS Seismic at ULS	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 900 1350 irrements? ent allowed = D Test pressure ent allowed =	Imit = 12 Duration (mins) (Water test) ISuum Test load at Test load at (+) = 320 (-) = \$20	S / H6//m²s) 20 /k max Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m²s 5 min, 0.05 L/m²s 5 min, 0.05 L/m²s 5 min, 0.05 L/m²s t repeated after) across face of sample = kN perpendicular to sample = kN Pa Pa
Additiona a	cyclic) Static Cyclic 1 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 2 Cyclic 3 al water penetration requ Seismic at SLS Support beam movement Number of cycles = \0 Frequency of movement BMU restraint Strength at ULS Seismic at ULS Support beam movement	Air infiltration Pressure (Pa) 675 675 675 900 1350 irrements? ent allowed = D Test pressure	Imit = 12 Duration (mins) (Water test) ISuum Test load at Test load at (+) = 320 (-) = \$20	S / H6//m²s) 20 /k max Duration and spray intensity 15 min, 0.05 L/m²s 5 min, 0.05 L/m²s 5 min, 0.05 L/m²s 5 min, 0.05 L/m²s t repeated after) across face of sample = kN perpendicular to sample = kN Pa Pa

9.11 Drawings

ALFREX Solid

Sheet N°	N° Issue Date Revision Sheet Description				ption		Products
A101	28/03/2019	в	FRAMING 3D VIEWS	AMING 3D VIEWS			PSP
A102	28/03/2019	в	FRAMING REFERENCE ELEVATION				PSP
A103	28/03/2019	в	FRAMING SECTIONS				PSP
A104	28/03/2019	в	FRAMING PLANS				PSP
A105	28/03/2019	в	PANEL LAYOUT LEFT				PSP
A105	28/03/2019	в	PANEL LAYOUT RIGHT				PSP
A107	28/03/2019	в	PANELS ELEVATION				PSP
A108	28/03/2019	в	PANEL LAYOUT PLANS				PSP
A109	28/03/2019	в	PANEL LAYOUT SECTIONS				PSP
A110	28/03/2019	в	3D REFERENCE ELEVATIONS LEFT				PSP
A111	28/03/2019	в	3D REFERENCE ELEVATION RIGHT				PSP
A112	28/03/2019	в	COMPONENTS LIST				PSP
01	28/03/2019	в	TOP BOOTH LINER SECTION DETAIL				PSP
02	28/03/2019	в	BOTTOM BOOTH LINER SECTION DETAIL				PSP
03	28/03/2019	в	HORIZONTAL JOINT SECTION DETAIL				PSP
04	28/03/2019	в	SOFFIT CORNER SECTION DETAIL				PSP
05	28/03/2019	в	SOFFIT / WALL JUNCTION SECTION DETAIL				PSP
06	28/03/2019	в	INTERSTOREY JUNCTION SECTION DETAIL				PSP
07	28/03/2019	в	WINDOW HEAD SECTION DETAIL				PSP
08	28/03/2019	в	WINDOW SILL SECTION DETAIL				PSP
09	28/03/2019	в	WINDOW JAMB PLAN DETAIL				PSP
10	28/03/2019	в	LEFT JAMB BOOTH LINER PLAN DETAIL				PSP
11	28/03/2019	в	PENETRATION PLAN DETAIL				PSP
12	28/03/2019	в	INTERNAL CORNER PLAN DETAIL				PSP
13	28/03/2019	в	EXTERNAL CORNER PLAN DETAIL				PSP
14	28/03/2019	в	VERTICAL JUNCTION PLAN DETAIL				PSP
15	28/03/2019	в	CRUCIFORM SOAKER FIXING DETAIL				PSP
16	28/03/2019	в	3D ALUMINIUM STIFFE	NER FIXING			PSP
	I	Unit C, 14 W	Inston Place, Henderson		ALFREX SOLID OPEN JOINT TEST		
		PC	D Box 80 105 Green Bay,	INDEX			

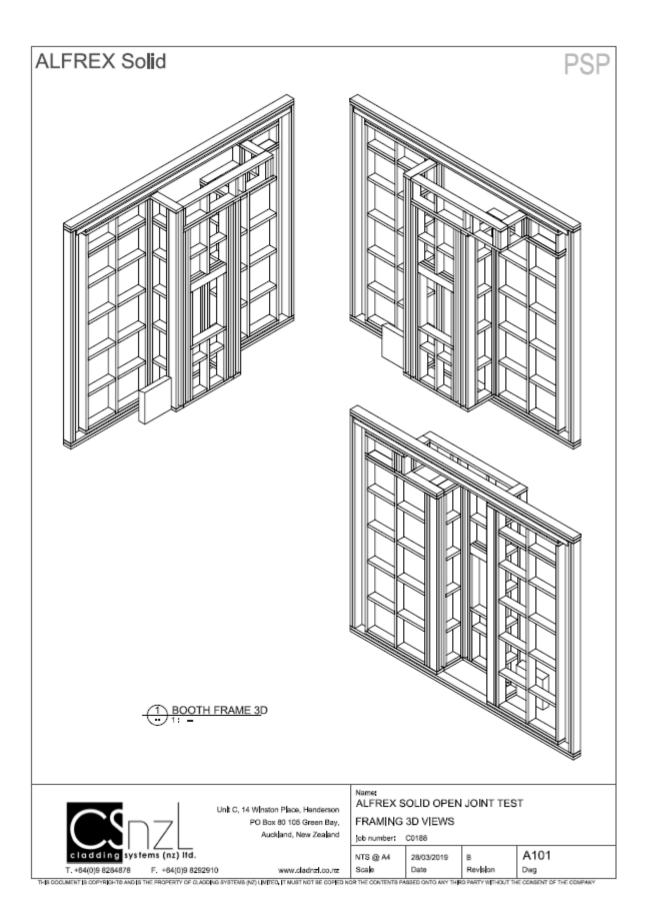
T. +64(0)9 8284878 F. +64(0)9 8292910 www.cladnzl.co.nz Scale Date Revision Dwg THE DOCUMENT IS COPYRIGHTE AND IS THE PROPERTY OF CLACONG SYSTEMS (#2) UNITED, IT MUST NOT SECONED NOR THE CONTENTS PASED ONTO ANY THEO PROPERTY WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE COMPANIES

Tested by: John Burgess, IANZ Signatory.

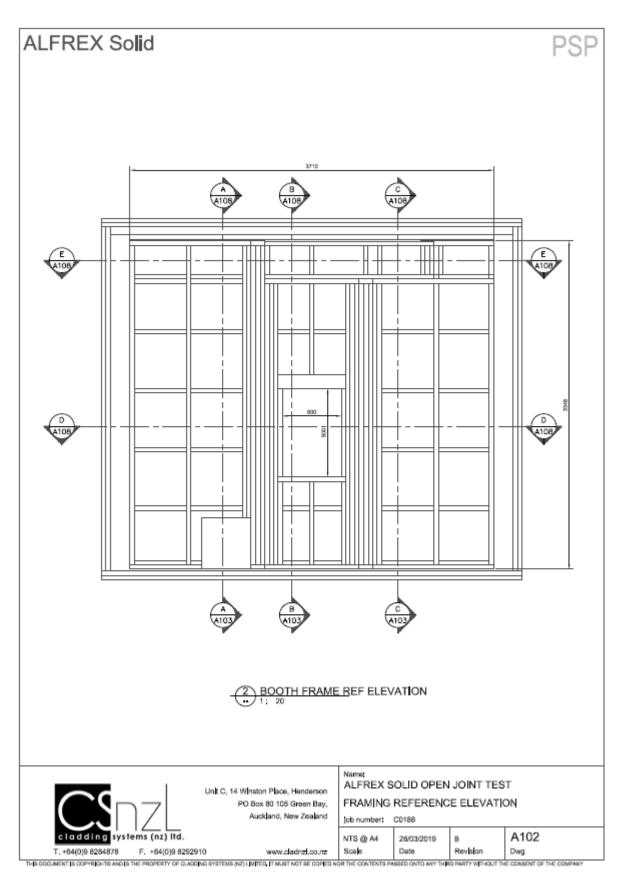
Checked by: Richard Gibbs

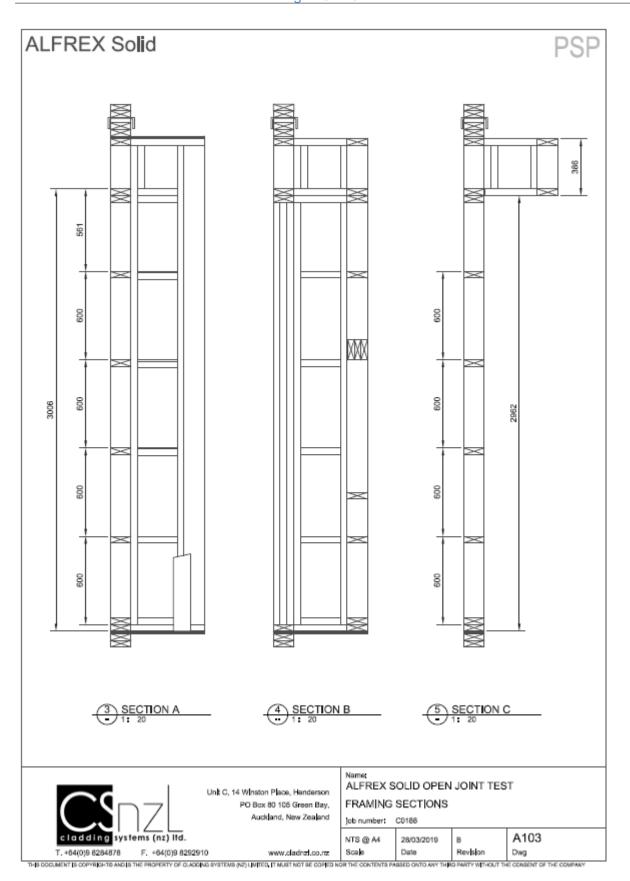
PSP

Testing of Alfrex panel system with AS/NZS 4284:2008 'Testing of Building Facades' Page 27 of 54



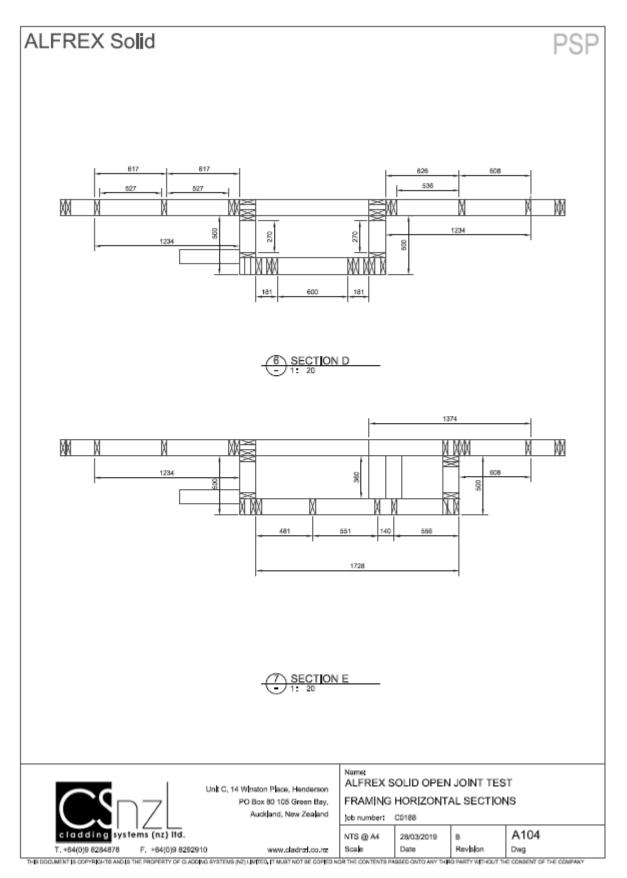


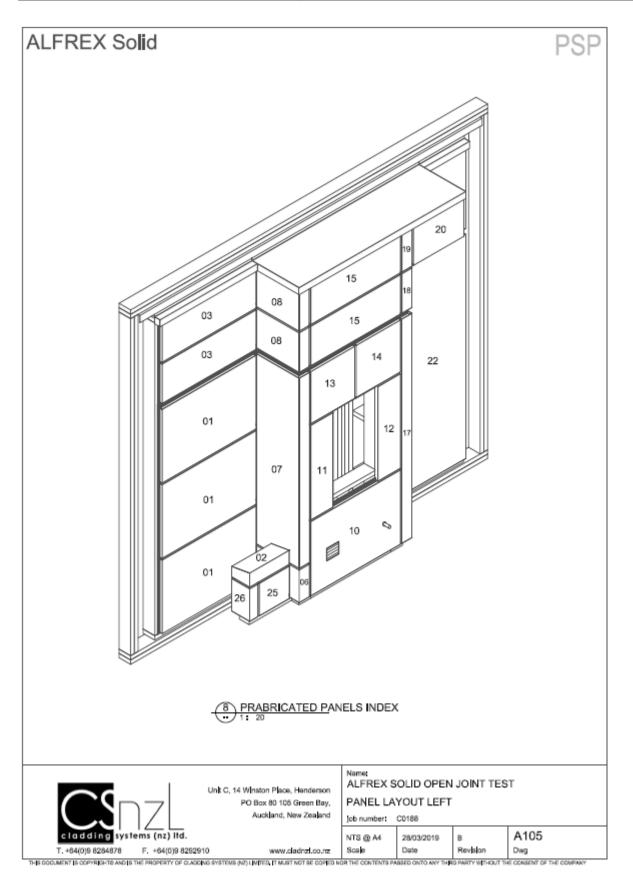


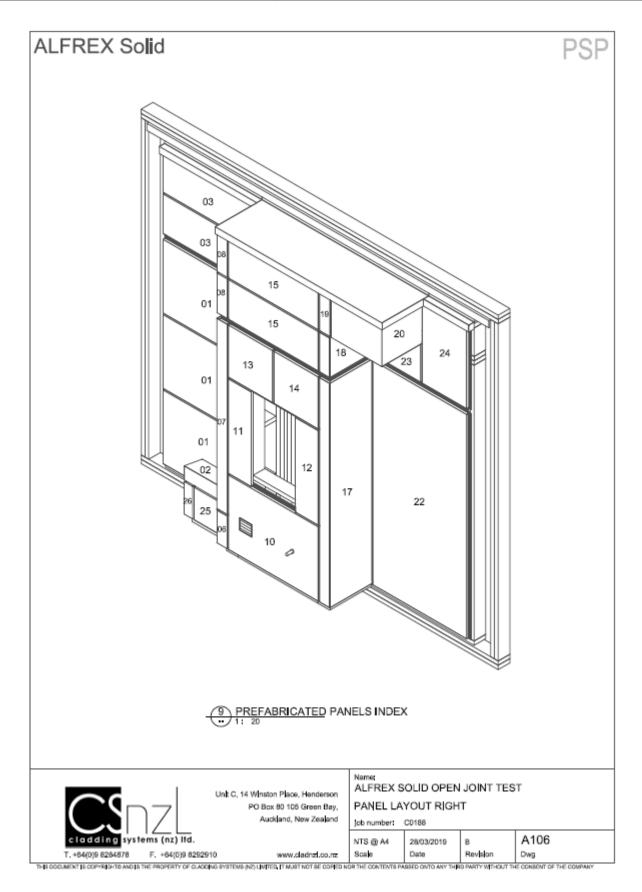


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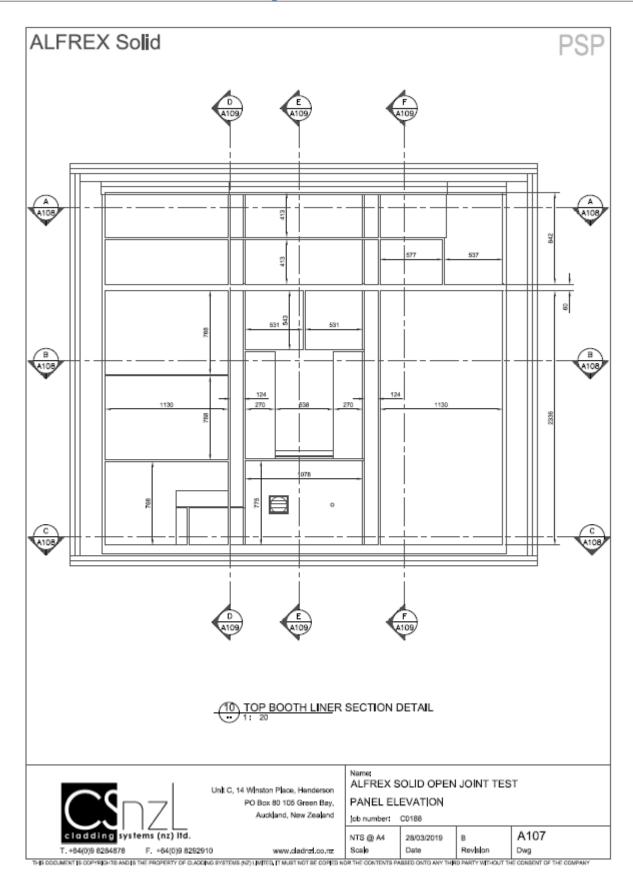






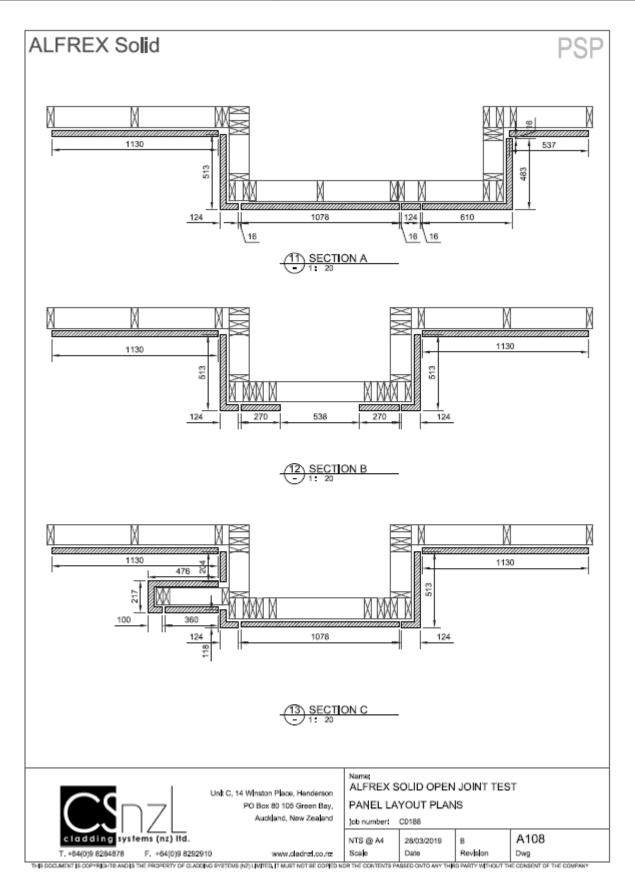


Testing of Alfrex panel system with AS/NZS 4284:2008 'Testing of Building Facades' Page 33 of 54

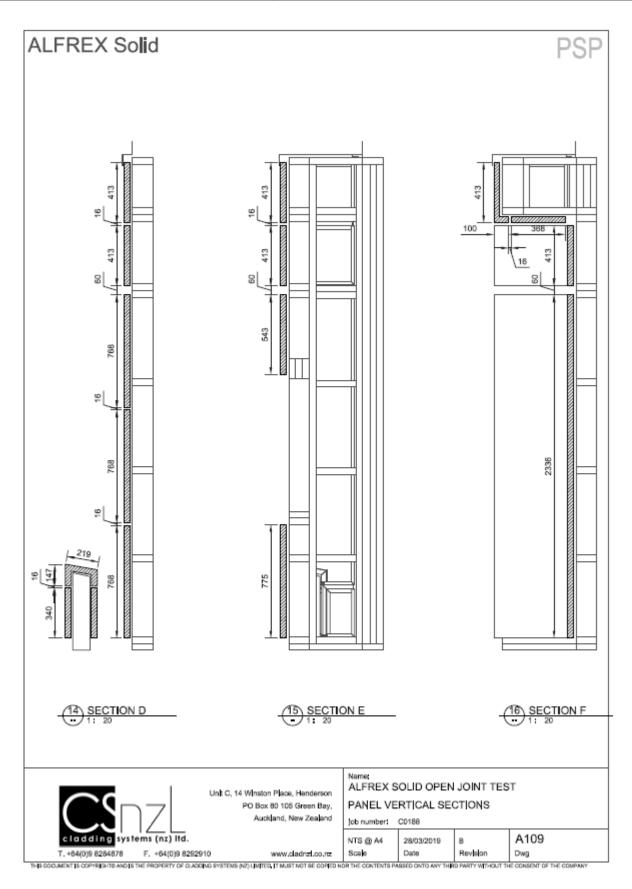


Tested by: John Burgess, IANZ Signatory.

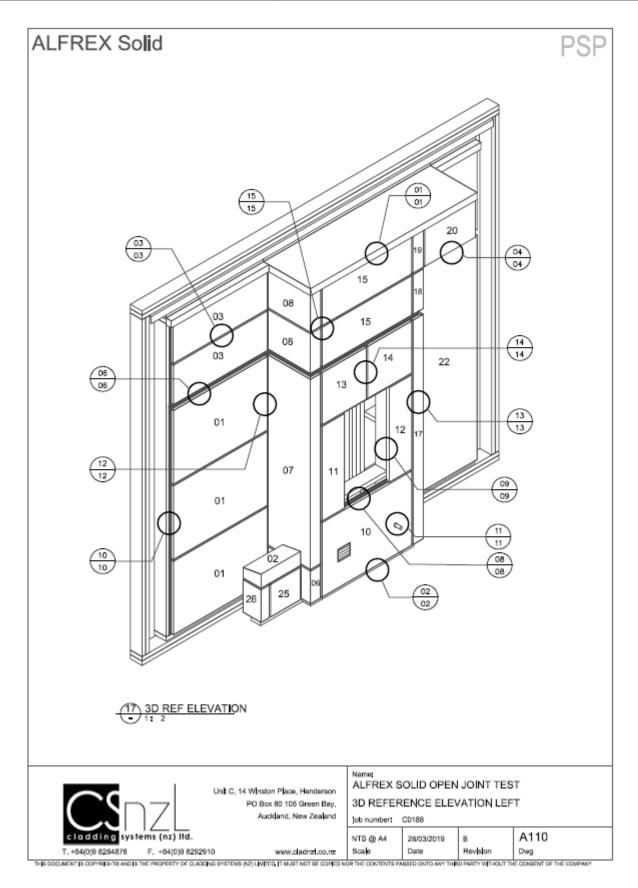
Checked by: Richard Gibbs

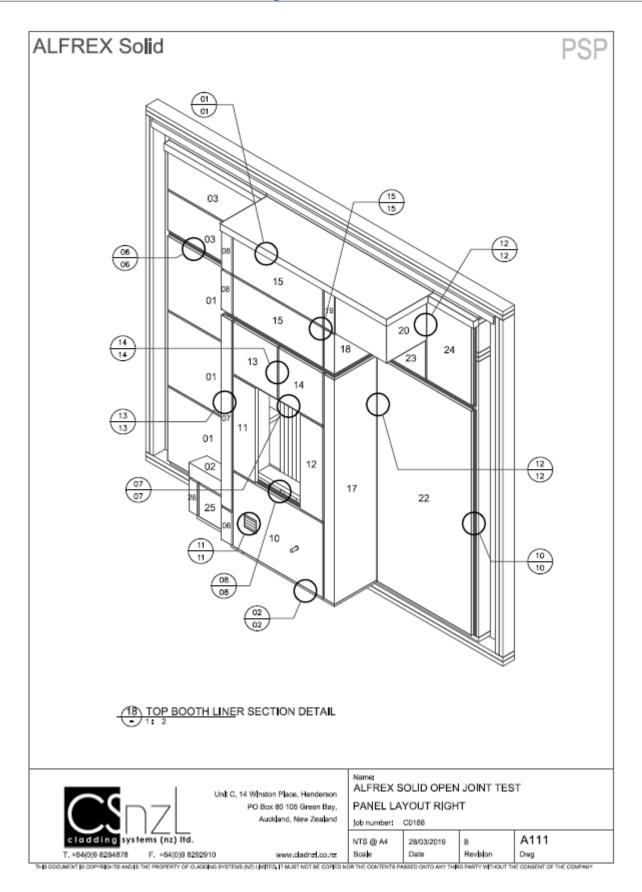


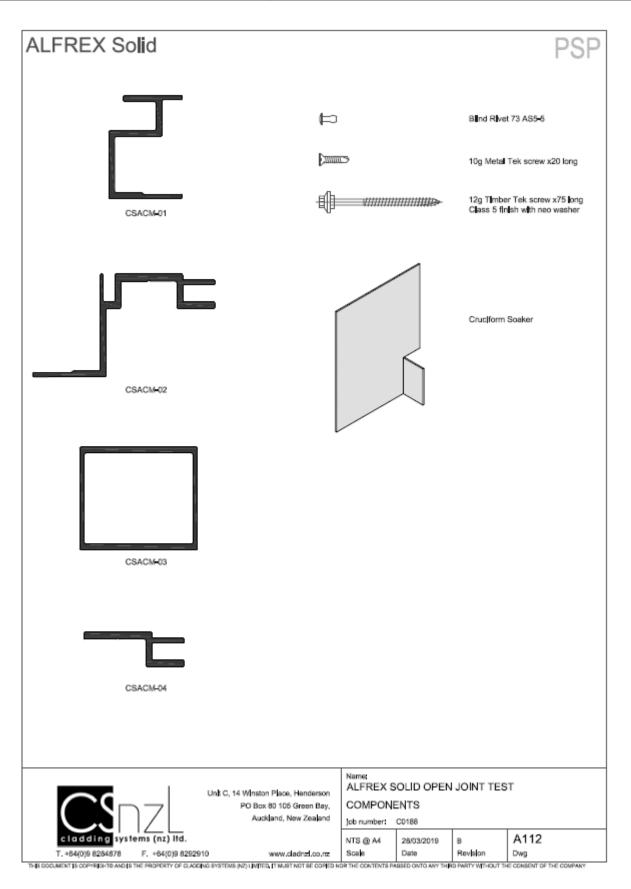
Testing of Alfrex panel system with AS/NZS 4284:2008 'Testing of Building Facades' Page 35 of 54



Testing of Alfrex panel system with AS/NZS 4284:2008 'Testing of Building Facades' Page 36 of 54

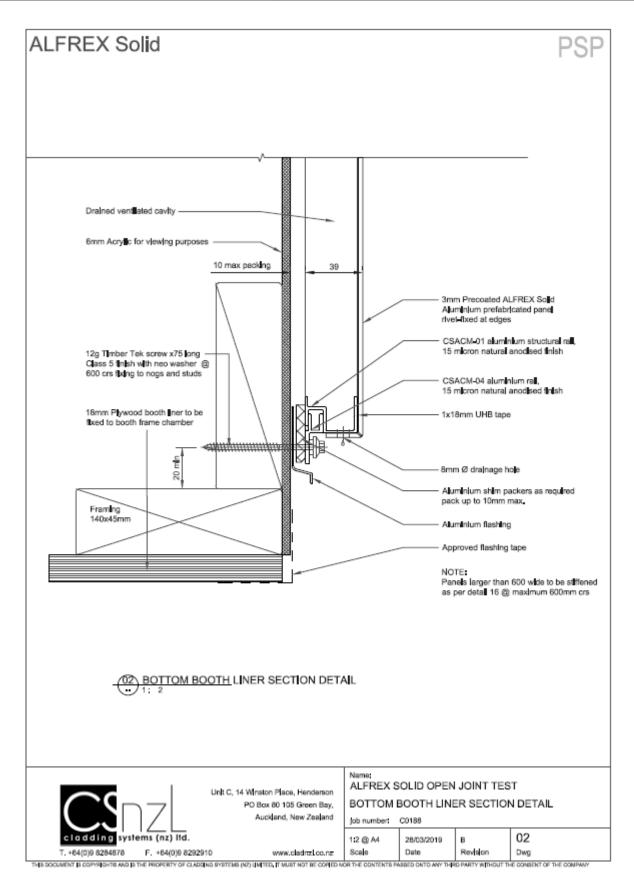


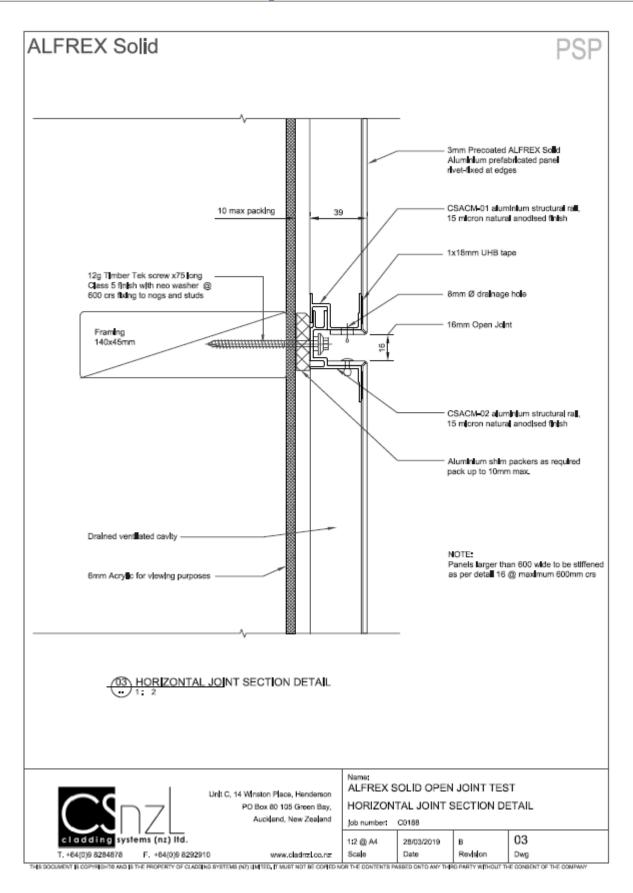


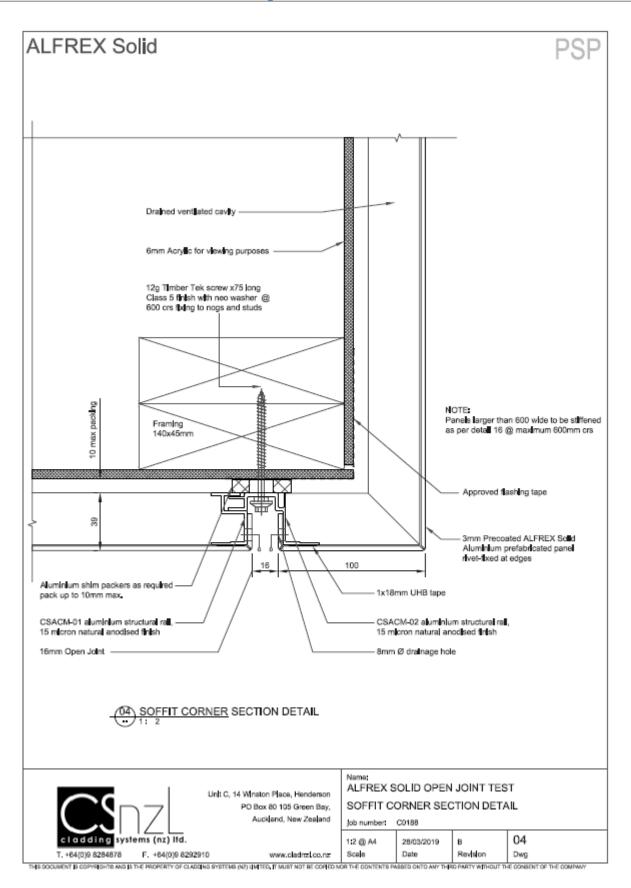


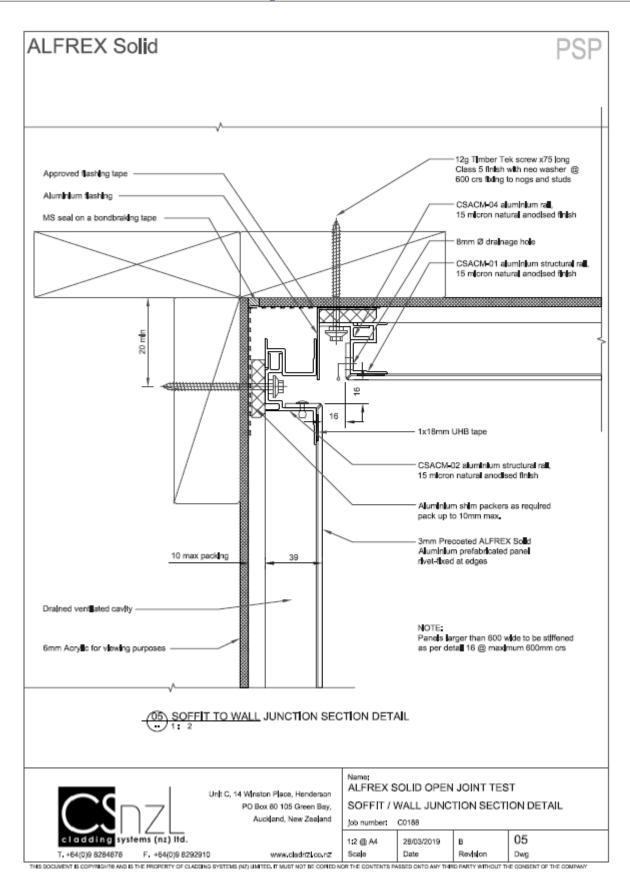
ALFREX Solid PSP 12g Timber Tek screw x75 long — Class 5 finish with neo washer @ 600 crs fixing to nogs and studs 18mm Plywood booth Iner to be fixed to booth frame chamber Approved flashing tape Framing Rainshield ande 140x45mm 1x18mm UHB tape Ш CSACM-02 aluminium structural rail, 15 micron natural anodised finish 10 max packing 39 Aluminium shim packers as required pack up to 10mm max. 3mm Precoated ALFREX Sold Aluminium prefabricated panel vet-fixed at edges Drained ventilated cavity NOTE: Panels larger than 600 wide to be stiffened as per detail 16 @ maximum 600mm crs 6mm Acrylic for viewing purposes TOP BOOTH LINER SECTION DETAIL ወጉ 1: Name; ALFREX SOLID OPEN JOINT TEST Unit C, 14 Winston Place, Henderson TOP BOOTH LINER SECTION DETAIL PO Box 80 105 Green Bay, Auckland, New Zealand job number: C0188 01 stems (nz) ltd. 1:2 @ A4 28/03/2019 В F. +64(0)9 8292910 Scale Date Revision T. +64(0)9 8284878 www.cladnzl.co.nz Dwg THIS DOCUMENT IS COPYRIGHTS AND IS THE PROPERTY OF CLADDING SYSTEMS (W) UNITED, IT MUST NOT BE COPIED IN IR THE CONTENTS PA CONSENT OF THE COMPANY SSED ONTO ANY THIRD PARTY WITHOUT TH

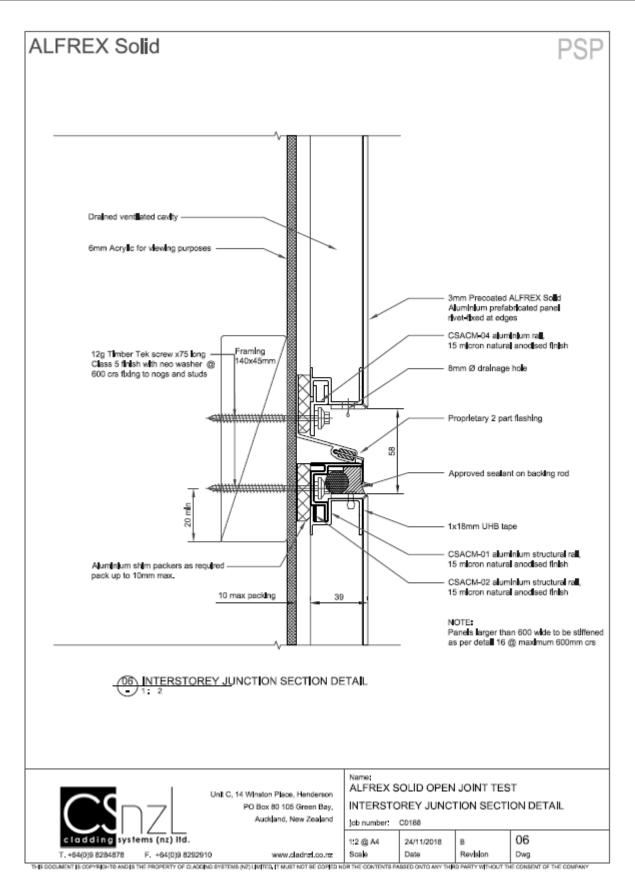
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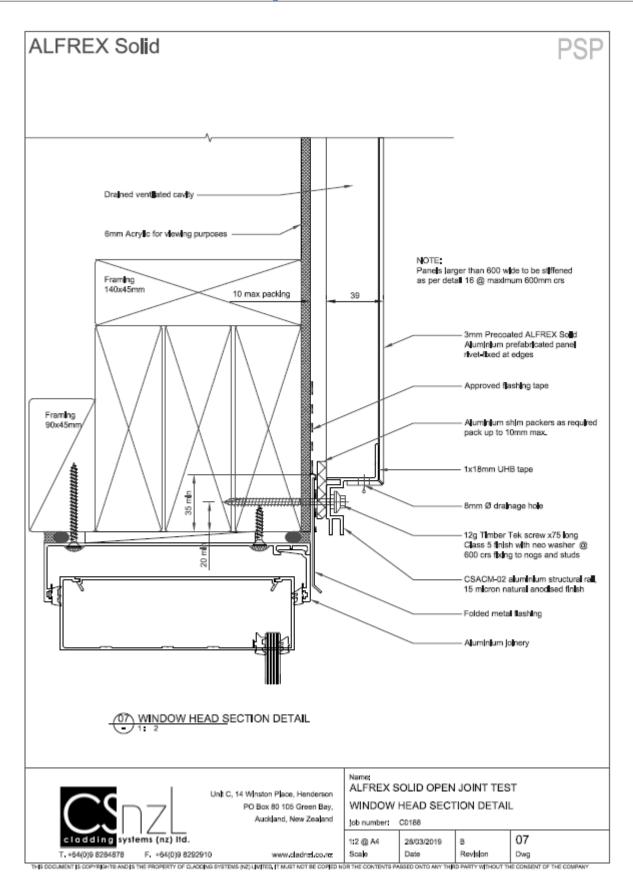


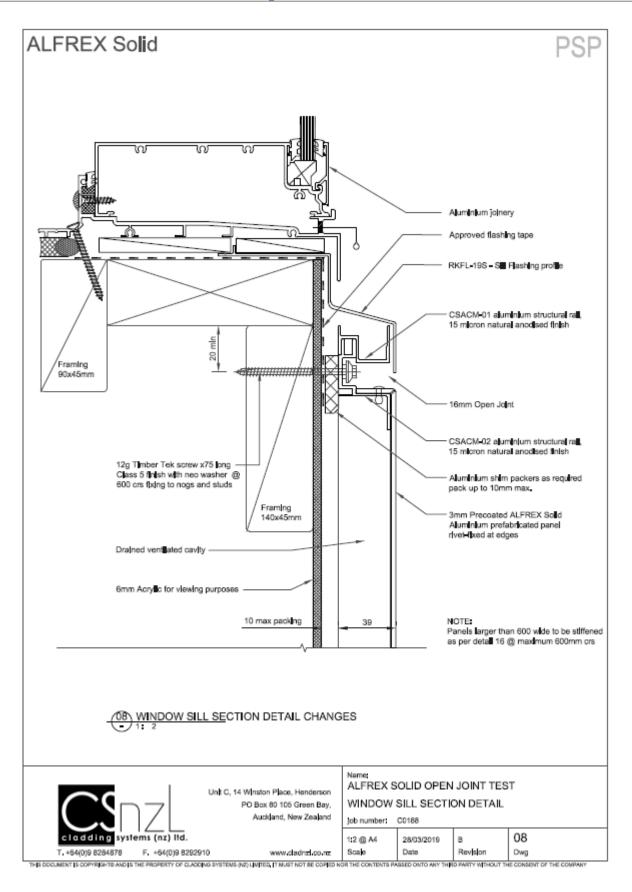


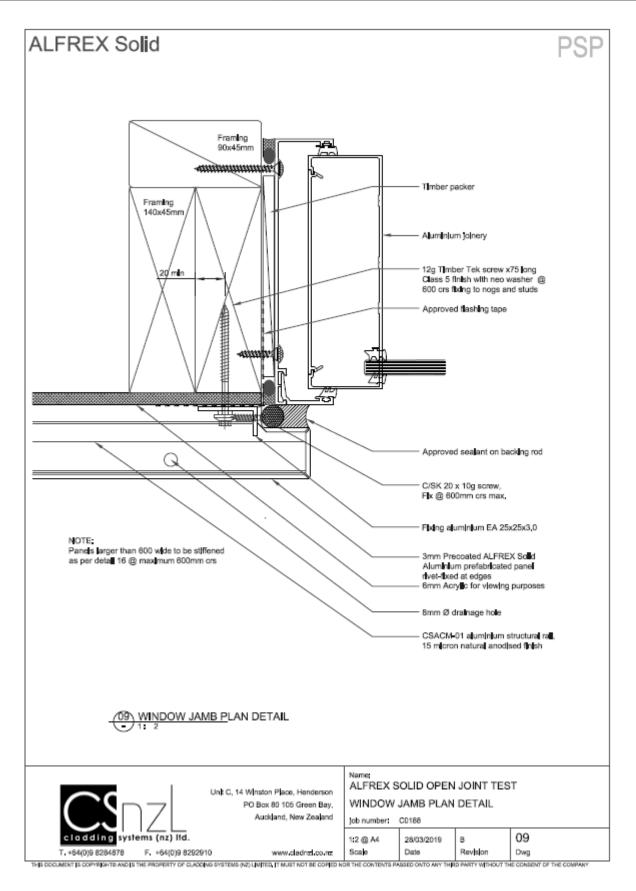


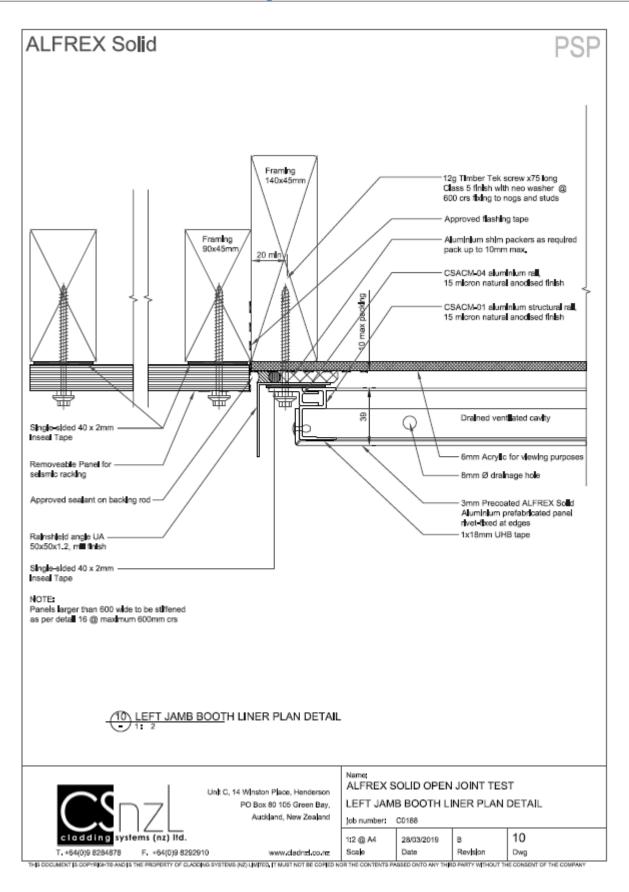


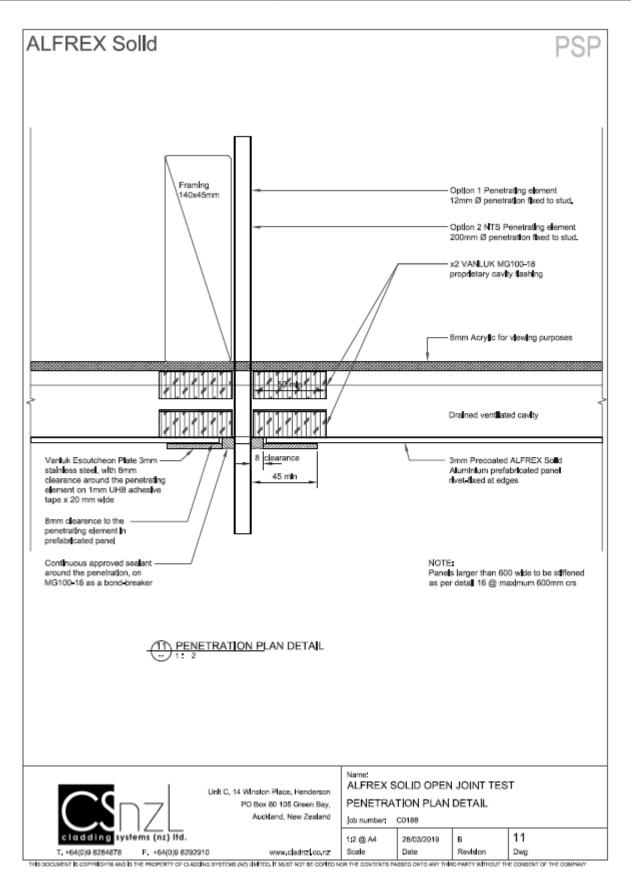




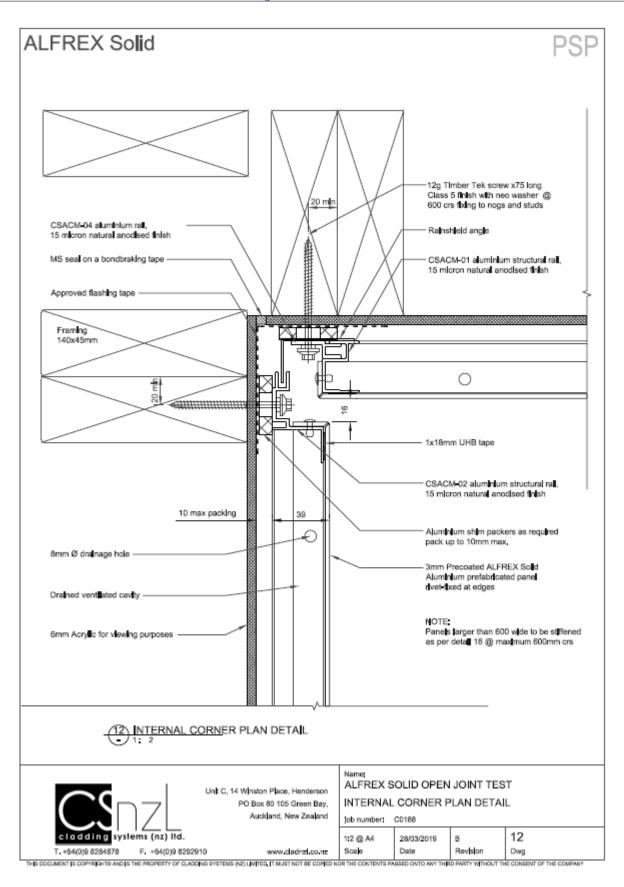


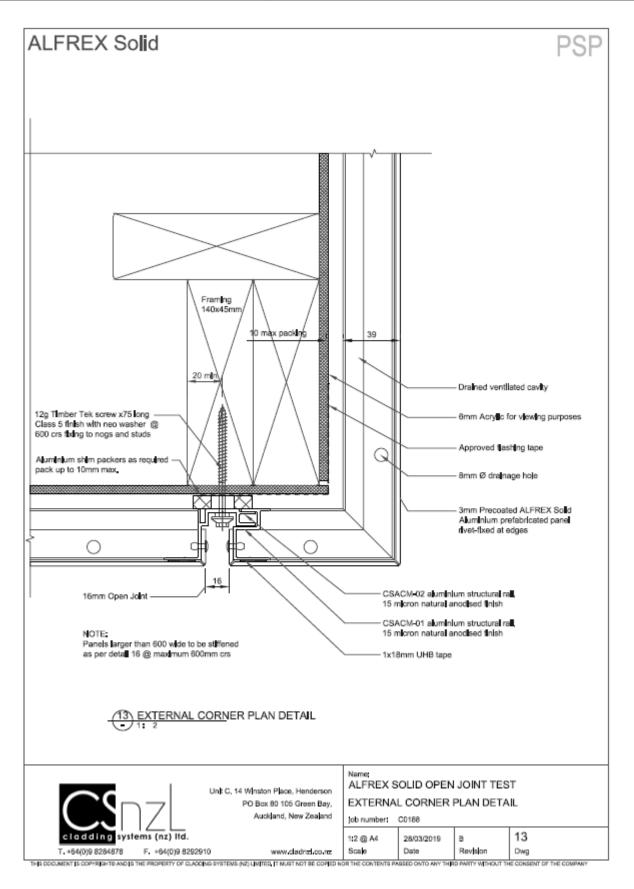


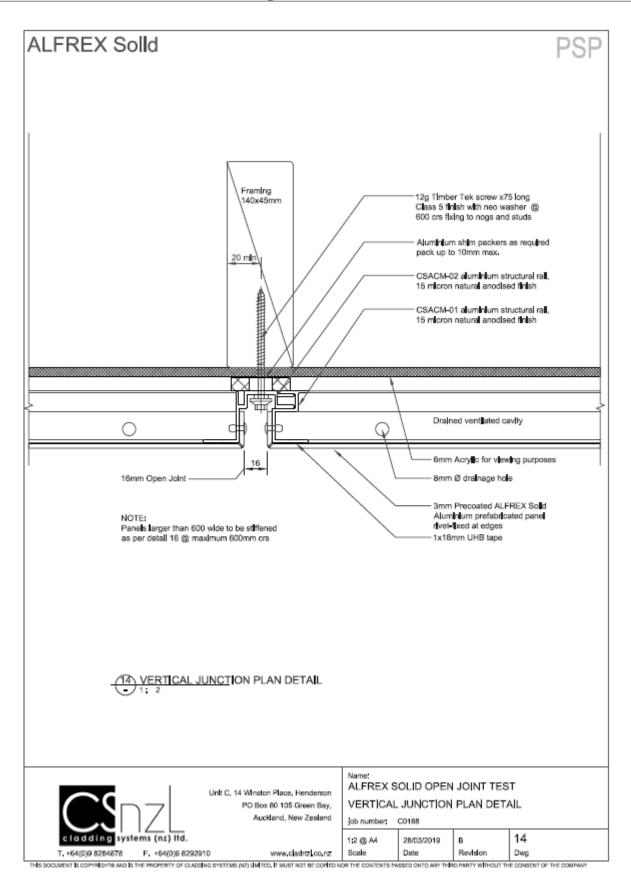




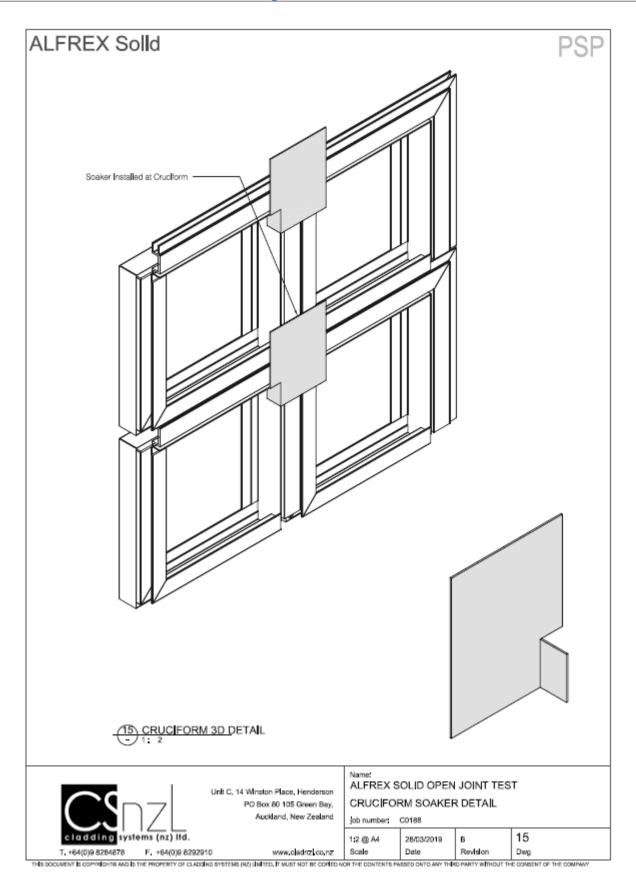
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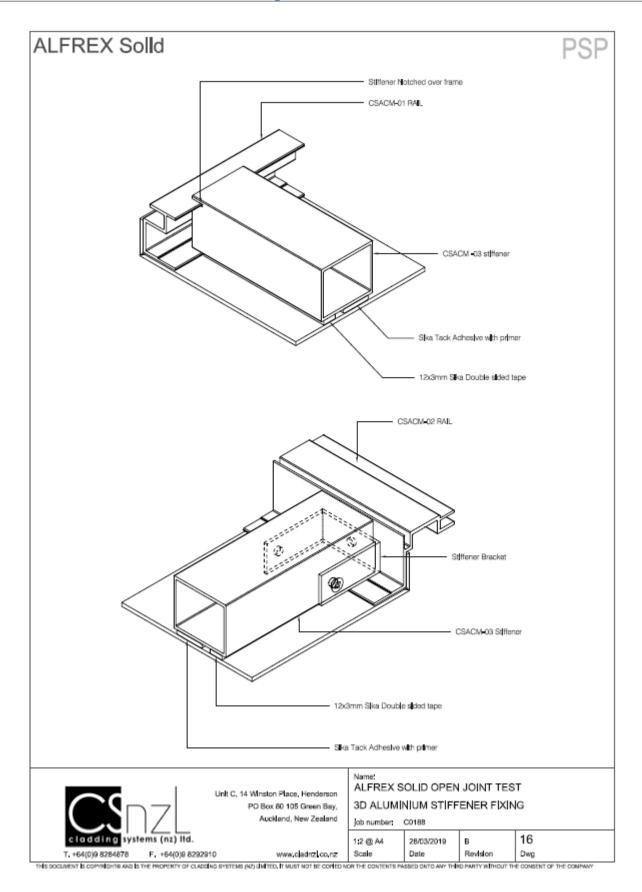




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Tested by: John Burgess, IANZ Signatory.

Checked by: Richard Gibbs